

ENGINEERING SPECIFICATION  
25-POINT INTELLIGENT COMMUNICATING FIRE DETECTION SYSTEM

PART 1.0 - GENERAL

1.1. DESCRIPTION:

- A. This section of the specification includes the furnishing, installation, connection and testing of the microprocessor controlled, intelligent reporting fire alarm equipment required to form a complete, operative, coordinated system. It shall include, but not be limited to, alarm initiating devices, alarm notification appliances, Fire Alarm Control Panel (FACP), auxiliary control devices, annunciators, and wiring as shown on the drawings and specified herein.
- B. The fire alarm system shall comply with requirements of NFPA Standard No. 72 for Local Protected Premises Signaling Systems except as modified and supplemented by this specification. The system field wiring shall be supervised either electrically or by software-directed polling of field devices.
  - 1. The Secondary Power Source of the fire alarm control panel will be capable of providing at least 24 hours of backup power with the ability to sustain 5 minutes in alarm at the end of the backup period.
- C. The fire alarm system shall be manufactured by an ISO 9001 certified company and meet the requirements of BS EN9001: ANSI/ASQC Q9001-1994.
- D. The FACP and peripheral devices shall be manufactured 100% by a single U.S. manufacturer (or division thereof).
- E. Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) - USA:
  - UL 38 Manually Actuated Signaling Boxes
  - UL 228 Door Closers-Holders for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
  - UL 268 Smoke Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
  - UL 268A Smoke Detectors for Duct Applications
  - UL 346 Waterflow Indicators for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
  - UL 464 Audible Signaling Appliances
  - UL 521 Heat Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
  - UL 864 Standard for Control Units for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
  - UL 1481 Power Supplies for Fire Protective Signaling Systems
  - UL 1638 Visual Signaling Appliances
  - UL 1971 Signaling Devices for Hearing Impaired
  - 1. The FACP shall be ANSI 864, 9th Edition Listed. Systems listed to

ANSI 864, 8th edition (or previous revisions) shall not be accepted.

F. The installing company shall employ NICET (minimum Level II Fire Alarm Technology) technicians on site to guide the final check-out and to ensure the systems integrity.

## 1.2. SCOPE:

A. An intelligent, microprocessor-controlled, fire alarm detection system shall be installed in accordance to the project specifications and drawings.

### B. Basic Performance:

1. Initiation Device Circuits (IDC) shall be wired NFPA Style B (Class B) as part of an addressable device connected by the SLC Circuit.
2. All circuits shall be power-limited, per UL864 requirements.
3. A single ground fault or open circuit on the system Signaling Line Circuit shall not cause system malfunction, loss of operating power or the ability to report an alarm.
4. Alarm signals arriving at the main FACP shall not be lost following a primary power failure or outage of any kind until the alarm signal is processed and recorded.
5. Panel shall meet requirements of UL-864 Ninth Edition

### C. BASIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL OPERATION

When a fire alarm condition is detected and reported by one of the system initiating devices, the following functions shall immediately occur:

1. The Zone Alarm LED for the particular zone in alarm shall light.
2. A local sounder with the control panel shall sound.
3. In response to a fire alarm condition, the system will process all control programming and activate all system outputs (alarm notification appliances and/or relays) associated with the point(s) in alarm
4. In response to a fire alarm condition, the system will process all control programming and activate all system outputs (alarm notification appliances and/or relays) associated with the point(s) in alarm. Additionally, the system shall send events to a central alarm supervising station via dial-up over PSTN .

### 1.3. SUBMITTALS

#### A. General:

1. Two copies of all submittals shall be submitted to the Architect/Engineer for review.
2. All references to manufacturer's model numbers and other pertinent information herein is intended to establish minimum standards of performance, function and quality. Equivalent compatible UL-listed equipment from other manufacturers may be substituted for the specified equipment as long as the minimum standards are met.
3. For equipment other than that specified, the contractor shall supply proof that such substitute equipment equals or exceeds the features, functions, performance, and quality of the specified equipment.

#### B. Shop Drawings:

1. Sufficient information, clearly presented, shall be included to determine compliance with drawings and specifications.
2. Include manufacturer's name(s), model numbers, ratings, power requirements, equipment layout, device arrangement, complete wiring point-to-point diagrams, and conduit layouts.
3. Show system layout, configurations, and terminations.

#### C. Manuals:

1. Submit simultaneously with the shop drawings, complete operating and maintenance manuals listing the manufacturer's name(s), including technical data sheets.
2. Wiring diagrams shall indicate internal wiring for each device and the interconnections between the items of equipment.
3. Provide a clear and concise description of operation that gives, in detail, the information required to properly operate the equipment and system.

#### D. Software Modifications

1. Provide the services of a qualified technician to perform all system software modifications, upgrades or changes. Response time of the technician to the site shall not exceed 4 hours.
2. Provide all hardware, software, programming tools and documentation necessary to modify the fire alarm system on site. Modification includes addition and deletion of

devices, circuits, zones and changes to system operation. The system structure and software shall place no limit on the type or extent of software modifications on-site. Modification of software shall not require power-down of the system or loss of system fire protection while modifications are being made.

#### 1.4. GUARANTY:

All work performed and all material and equipment furnished under this contract shall be free from defects and shall remain so for a period of at least one (1) year from the date of acceptance. The full cost of maintenance, labor and materials required to correct any defect during this one year period shall be included in the submittal bid.

#### 1.5. MAINTENANCE:

- A. Maintenance and testing shall be on a semi-annual schedule or as required by the local AHJ. A preventive maintenance schedule shall be provided by the contractor describing the protocol for preventive maintenance. The schedule shall include:
1. Systematic examination, adjustment and cleaning of all detectors, manual fire alarm stations, control panels, power supplies, relays, waterflow switches and all accessories of the fire alarm system.
  2. Each circuit in the fire alarm system shall be tested semiannually.
  3. Each smoke detector shall be tested in accordance with the requirements of NFPA 72.
- B. As part of the bid/proposal, include a quote for a maintenance contract to provide all maintenance, tests, and repairs described below. Include also a quote for unscheduled maintenance/repairs, including hourly rates for technicians trained on this equipment, and response travel costs for each year of the maintenance period. Submittals that do not identify all post contract maintenance costs will not be accepted. Rates and costs shall be valid for the period of five (5) years after expiration of the guaranty.

#### 1.6. POST CONTRACT EXPANSIONS:

- A. The contractor shall have the ability to provide parts and labor to expand the system specified, if so requested, for a period of five (5) years from the date of acceptance.
- B. As part of the submittal, include a quotation for all parts and material, and all installation and test labor as needed to increase the number of intelligent or addressable devices by ten percent (10%). This quotation shall include HFS or equivalent Fire•Lite intelligent smoke detectors, HFS or equivalent Fire•Lite intelligent heat detectors, addressable manual stations and HFS or equivalent Fire•Lite addressable monitor modules equal in number to one tenth of the number required to meet this specification (list actual quantity of each

type).

- C. The quotation shall include installation, test labor, and labor to reprogram the system for this 10% expansion. If additional FACP hardware is required, include the material and labor necessary to install this hardware.
- D. Do not include cost of conduit or wire or the cost to install conduit or wire except for labor to make final connections at the FACP and at each HFS or equivalent Fire•Lite intelligent addressable device. Do not include the cost of conventional peripherals or the cost of initiating devices connected to the addressable monitor/control modules.
- E. Submittals that do not include this estimate of post contract expansion cost will not be accepted.

#### 1.7. APPLICABLE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS:

The specifications and standards listed below form a part of this specification. The system shall fully comply with the latest issue of these standards, if applicable.

##### A. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) - USA:

- No. 13 Sprinkler Systems
- No. 70 National Electric Code (NEC)
- No. 72 National Fire Alarm Code
- No. 101 Life Safety Code

B. The system and its components shall be Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. listed under the appropriate UL testing standard as listed herein for fire alarm applications and the installation shall be in compliance with the UL listing.

C. Local and State Building Codes.

D. All requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).

#### 1.8. APPROVALS:

A. The system shall have proper listing and/or approval from the following nationally recognized agencies:

- UL Underwriters Laboratories Inc (Ninth Edition)
- ETL listed to ANSI/UL 864 9th Edition Standard
- CSFM California State Fire Marshal
- MEA Material Equipment Acceptance (NYC)

## PART 2.0 PRODUCTS

### 2.1. EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL, GENERAL:

- A. All equipment and components shall be new, and the manufacturer's current model. The materials, appliances, equipment and devices shall be tested and listed by a nationally recognized approvals agency for use as part of a fire protective signaling system, meeting the National Fire Alarm Code.
- B. All equipment and components shall be installed in strict compliance with manufacturers' recommendations. Consult the manufacturer's installation manuals for all wiring diagrams, schematics, physical equipment sizes, etc., before beginning system installation.
- C. All equipment shall be attached to walls and ceiling/floor assemblies and shall be held firmly in place (e.g., detectors shall not be supported solely by suspended ceilings). Fasteners and supports shall be adequate to support the required load.
- D. All equipment must be available "over the counter" through the Security Equipment Distributor (SED) market and can be installed by dealerships independent of the manufacturer.

### 2.2. CONDUIT AND WIRE:

#### A. Conduit:

- 1. Conduit shall be in accordance with The National Electrical Code (NEC), local and state requirements.
- 2. Where required, all wiring shall be installed in conduit or raceway. Conduit fill shall not exceed 40 percent of interior cross sectional area where three or more cables are contained within a single conduit.
- 3. Cable must be separated from any open conductors of power, or Class 1 circuits, and shall not be placed in any conduit, junction box or raceway containing these conductors, per NEC Article 760.
- 4. With the exception of telephone connections, wiring for 24 volt DC control, alarm notification, emergency communication and similar power-limited auxiliary functions may be run in the same conduit as initiating and signaling line circuits. All circuits shall be provided with transient suppression devices and the system shall be designed to permit simultaneous operation of all circuits without interference or loss of signals.
- 5. Conduit shall not enter the fire alarm control panel, or any other remotely mounted control panel equipment or backboxes, except where conduit entry is specified by the FACP manufacturer.

6. Conduit shall be 3/4 inch (19.1 mm) minimum.

B. Wire:

1. All fire alarm system wiring shall be new.
2. Wiring shall be in accordance with local, state and national codes (e.g., NEC Article 760) and as recommended by the manufacturer of the fire alarm system. Number and size of conductors shall be as recommended by the fire alarm system manufacturer, but not less than 18 AWG (1.02 mm) for Initiating Device Circuits and Signaling Line Circuits, and 14 AWG (1.63 mm) for Notification Appliance Circuits.
3. All wire and cable shall be listed and/or approved by a recognized testing agency for use with a protective signaling system.
4. Wire and cable not installed in conduit shall have a fire resistance rating suitable for the installation as indicated in NEC 760 (e.g., FPLR).
5. Wiring used for the multiplex communication circuit (SLC) shall be twisted non-shielded and support a minimum wiring distance of 10,000 feet when sized at 12 AWG.
6. All field wiring shall be electrically supervised for open circuit and ground fault.
7. The fire alarm control panel shall be capable of T-tapping NFPA Style 4 (Class B) Signaling Line Circuits (SLCs). Systems which do not allow or have restrictions for the numbers of T-taps, length of T-taps etc., are not acceptable.

C. Terminal Boxes, Junction Boxes and Cabinets:

All boxes and cabinets shall be UL listed for their use and purpose.

D. The fire alarm control panel shall be connected to a separate dedicated branch circuit, maximum 20 amperes. This circuit shall be labeled at the main power distribution panel as FIRE ALARM. Fire alarm control panel primary power wiring shall be 12 AWG. The control panel cabinet shall be grounded securely to either a cold water pipe or grounding rod.

1. The FACP shall be capable of coding Notification Appliance Circuits in Temporal (NFPA 72) or Constant On (24 VDC power). Main panel notification circuits (NACs 1 & 2) shall also automatically synchronize any of the following manufacturer's notification appliances connected to them: System Sensor, Wheelock, Gentex or Amseco with no need for additional synchronization modules.

### 2.3. MAIN FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL:

A. The FACP shall be a Fire-Lite Model MS-25 and shall contain a microprocessor-based Central Processing Unit (CPU). The CPU shall communicate with and control the following types of equipment used to make up the system: HFS or equivalent Fire•Lite intelligent addressable smoke and HFS or equivalent Fire•Lite thermal (heat) detectors, HFS or equivalent Fire•Lite addressable modules, annunciators, Digital Dialer and Ethernet Communicators and other system controlled devices. Ethernet communications shall be via a Fire-Lite Model IPDACT. Central station supervisory equipment shall be a Teldat Corporation Visoralarm-Plus 2U listed to UL-864 standards.

#### B. Operator Control

##### 1. Acknowledge Switch:

- a. Activation of the control panel Acknowledge switch in response to new alarms, supervisory and/or troubles shall silence the local panel piezo electric signal and change the alarm, supervisory and trouble LEDs to steady-ON mode.
- b. Depression of the Acknowledge switch shall also silence all remote annunciator piezo sounders.

##### 2. Alarm Silence Switch:

Activation of the alarm silence switch shall cause all programmed alarm notification appliances and relays to return to the normal condition after an alarm condition. The selection of notification circuits and relays that are silenceable by this switch shall be fully field programmable within the confines of all applicable standards. The FACP software shall include silence inhibit and auto-silence timers.

##### 3. Alarm Activate (Drill) Switch:

The Alarm Activate switch shall activate all notification appliance circuits. The drill function shall latch until the panel is reset.

##### 4. System Reset Switch:

Activation of the System Reset switch shall cause all electronically-latched initiating devices, appliances or software zones, as well as all associated output devices and circuits, to return to their normal condition.

##### 5. Lamp Test:

The System RESET switch shall also function as a Lamp Test switch and shall activate



all system LEDs and light each segment of the display.

### C. System Capacity and General Operation

1. The control panel shall provide, or be capable of, expansion to 25 intelligent/addressable devices of any type, detector or module
2. The control panel shall include two Form-C programmable relays, which can be used for Alarm, and Supervisory and a fixed Trouble relay rated at a minimum of 2.5 amps @ 24 VDC. It shall also include 2 programmable Notification Appliance Circuits (NACs) capable of being wired as NFPA Style Y (Class B).  
Either programmable Notification circuit shall also be capable of providing auxiliary power when programmed as such.
3. The control panel must have a built in annunciator with three characters of display each consisting of seven segments and feature LED's for AC, General Trouble, Silenced, Ground Fault, Low Battery, Walk Test, NAC 1 and 2 Active and Trouble, and Zones 1 through 5 Alarm, Supervisory, and Trouble. All control and programming keys are a membrane style buttons. The annunciator must be able to silence and reset alarms by opening the cabinet door and pressing SILENCE or RESET once. The annunciators must have an installer code that will allow the limitation of operating system programming to authorized individuals.
4. Modifications to the default panel program can only be accomplished using the embedded web server of the control panel. There are two ways to connect to the panel: connected to an existing network with a DHCP Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol server present or. plugged in directly to a PC using a standard CAT5e Ethernet cable.
5. The system shall allow the programming of any input to activate any output.
6. The FACP shall provide the following features:
  - a. Drift compensation to extend detector accuracy over life. Drift compensation shall also include a smoothing feature, allowing transient noise signals to be filtered out.
  - b. Detector sensitivity test, meeting requirements of NFPA 72, Maintenance alert, with two levels (maintenance alert/maintenance urgent), to warn of excessive smoke detector dirt or dust accumulation.
  - c. Alarm verification, with counters and a trouble indication to alert maintenance personnel when a detector enters verification an excessive number of times.
  - d. Periodic detector test, conducted automatically by the software.
  - e. Walk test mode shall be a standard feature of the fire alarm control panel. The walk

test feature shall function so that each alarm input tested will operate the associated notification appliance for three seconds. The FACP will then automatically perform a reset and confirm normal device operation.

#### D. Central Microprocessor

1. The microprocessor shall be a state-of-the-art; it shall communicate with, monitor and control all external interfaces. It shall include non-volatile memory for building-specific program storage, and a "watch dog" timer circuit to detect and report microprocessor failure.
2. The microprocessor shall contain and execute all specific actions to be taken in the condition of an alarm. Control programming shall be held in non-volatile programmable memory, and shall not be lost even if system primary and secondary power failure occurs.
3. An auto-programming capability (JumpStart) shall be provided to quickly identify devices connected on the SLC and make the system operational.

#### E. Display

1. The display shall provide all the controls and indicators used by the system operator.
2. The display shall include status information for all intelligent detectors, addressable modules and zones.
3. The display shall contain dedicated LEDs for the annunciation of AC POWER, FIRE ALARM, SUPERVISORY, TROUBLE and GROUND FAULT, LOW BATTERY, WALKTEST, , , conditions.
4. The keypad shall be part of the standard system and have the capability to command all system functions. Installer password level shall be provided to prevent unauthorized system control or programming.
5. The display shall include the following operator control switches:  
ACKNOWLEDGE, ALARM SILENCE, DRILL (alarm activate), ALARM ID, SUPERVS ID, TROUBLE ID and SYSTEM RESET.

#### F. Signaling Line Circuit (SLC)

1. The SLC interface shall provide power to and communicate with up to 25 devices of any type including: intelligent detectors (photoelectric or thermal) addressable pull stations, intelligent modules (monitor control). Each SLC shall be capable of NFPA 72 Style 4 (Class B) wiring.

2. The CPU shall receive information from all intelligent detectors to be processed to determine whether normal, alarm or trouble conditions exist for each detector. The software shall automatically compensate for the accumulation of dust in each detector up to allowable limits. The information shall also be used for automatic detector testing and for the determination of detector maintenance conditions.
  3. The detector software shall meet NFPA 72, requirements and be certified by UL as a calibrated sensitivity test instrument.
- G. The control panel will have the capability of Reverse Polarity Transmission or connection to a Municipal Box for compliance with applicable NFPA standards.
- H. Digital Alarm Communicator Transmitter (DACT). The on board DACT is an interface for communicating digital information between a fire alarm control panel and a UL-Listed central station. When the optional IPDACT Ethernet module is connected to the on board DACT, the system shall be capable of transmitting contact ID formatted alarms to a central station equipped with a compatible IP receiver via Ethernet over a private or public WAN/LAN, Intranet or Ethernet
1. Communication shall include vital system status such as:
    - Independent Zone (Alarm, trouble, non-alarm, supervisory)
    - AC (Mains) Power Loss
    - Low Battery and Earth Fault
    - System Off Normal
    - 12 and 24 Hour Test Signal
    - Abnormal Test Signal (per UL requirements)
  2. The DACT shall support independent zone reporting via the Contact ID format. In this format, the DACT shall support the transmission of zones within the system. This format shall enable the central station to have exact details concerning the location of the fire for emergency response.
- I. Enclosures:
1. The control panel shall be housed in a UL-listed cabinet suitable for surface mounting. The cabinet and front shall be corrosion protected and painted red via the powder coat method with manufacturer's standard finish.
  2. The back box and door shall be constructed of steel with provisions for electrical conduit connections into the sides and top.

3. The door shall provide a key lock and shall provide for the viewing of all indicators.

J. Field Charging Power Supply:

The FCPS is a device designed for use as either a remote 24-volt power supply or as a booster for powering Notification Appliances.

1. The FCPS shall offer up to 8.0 amps (6.0 amps continuous) of regulated 24 volt power. It shall include an integral charger designed to charge 18.0 amp hour batteries.
2. The Field Charging Power Supply shall have two input triggers. The input trigger shall be a Notification Appliance Circuit (from the fire alarm control panel) or a control relay. Four NAC outputs, wired NFPA Style Y, shall be available for connection to the Notification devices.
3. The FCPS shall optionally provide synchronization of all connected strobes or horn strobe combinations when System Sensor, Wheelock or Gentex devices are installed.
4. The FCPS shall function as a sync follower as well as a sync generator.
5. The FCPS shall include a surface mount backbox.
6. The Field Charging Power Supply shall include the ability to delay the reporting of an AC fail condition per NFPA requirements.
7. The FCPS shall provide 24 VDC regulated and power-limited circuitry per UL standards. Should this be updated to latest UL standard?

K. Power Supply:

1. The main power supply for the fire alarm control panel shall provide up to 2.0 amps of available power for the control panel and peripheral devices.
2. Provisions will be made to allow the audio-visual power to be increased as required by adding modular expansion audio-visual power supplies.
3. The power supply shall provide an integral battery charger or may be used with an external battery and charger systems. Battery arrangement may be configured in the field.
4. The main power supply shall continuously monitor all field wires for earth ground conditions.
5. The main power supply shall operate on 120 VAC, 60 Hz, and shall provide all necessary power for the FACP.

L. Programmable Electronic Sounders:

1. Electronic sounders shall operate on 24 VDC nominal.
2. Electronic sounders shall be field programmable without the use of special tools, to provide slow whoop, continuous, or interrupted tones with an output sound level of at least 90 dBA measured at 10 feet from the device.
3. Electronic sounders shall be flush or surface mounted as shown on plans.

M. Strobe lights shall meet the requirements of the ADA, UL Standard 1971 and shall meet the following criteria:

1. The maximum pulse duration shall be 2/10 of one second.
2. Strobe intensity shall meet the requirements of UL 1971.
3. The flash rate shall meet the requirements of UL 1971.

N. Audible/Visual Combination Devices:

1. Shall meet the applicable requirements of Section A listed above for audibility.
2. Shall meet the requirements of Section B listed above for visibility.

O. Specific System Operations

1. Alarm Verification: Each of the intelligent addressable smoke detectors in the system may be independently programmed for verification of alarm signals. The alarm verification time period shall not exceed 250 seconds.
2. Zone Disable: Any addressable device in the system may be enabled or disabled through the system keypad.
3. Zone Read: The system shall be able to display the following point status:
  - a. Alarm ID
  - b. Supervisory ID
  - c. Trouble ID
4. Automatic Detector Maintenance Alert: The fire alarm control panel shall automatically interrogate each intelligent detector and shall analyze the detector responses over a period of time. If any intelligent detector in the system responds with a reading that is above or below normal limits, then the system will enter the trouble mode, and the particular detector will be annunciated on the system display. This feature shall in no way inhibit the receipt of alarm conditions in the system, nor shall it

- require any special hardware, special tools or computer expertise to perform.
5. The fire alarm control panel shall include Silent and Audible Walk Test functions – Silent and Audible. It shall include the ability to test initiating device circuits and Notification Appliance Circuits from the field without returning to the panel to reset the system. The operation shall be as follows:
    - a. Alarming an initiating device shall activate programmed outputs, which are selected to participate in Walk Test.
  6. Supervisory Operation: An alarm from a supervisory device shall cause the appropriate indication on the control panel display, light a Zone supervisory LED.
  7. Signal Silence Operation: The FACP shall have the ability to program each output circuit (notification circuit or relay) to deactivate upon depression of the Signal Silence switch.

## 1.9. SYSTEM COMPONENTS:

### A. Addressable Pull Box (manual station)

1. Addressable pull boxes shall, on command from the control panel, send data to the panel representing the state of the manual switch and the addressable communication module status. They shall use a key operated test-reset lock, and shall be designed so that after actual emergency operation, they cannot be restored to normal use except by the use of a key.
2. All operated stations shall have a positive, visual indication of operation and utilize a key type reset.
3. Manual pull stations shall be constructed of Lexan with clearly visible operating instructions provided on the cover. The word FIRE shall appear on the front of the stations in raised letters, 1.75 inches (44 mm) or larger.

### B. Intelligent Multi-Sensing Detector

1. The intelligent detector shall be an addressable device which is capable of detecting multiple threats by employing photoelectric and thermal technologies in a single unit. This detector shall utilize advanced electronics which react to slow smoldering fires (photoelectric) and heat (thermal) all within a single sensing device.
2. The multi-detector shall include LED for 360-degree viewing.
3. Automatically adjusts sensitivity levels without the need for operator intervention or programming. Sensitivity increases with heat.

### C. Intelligent Photoelectric Smoke Detector

1. The detectors shall use the photoelectric (light-scattering) principal to measure smoke density and shall, on command from the control panel, send data to the panel representing the analog level of smoke density.
2. Detector shall be provided on a twist-lock base.
3. It shall be possible to perform a calibrated sensitivity and performance test on the detector without the need for the generation of smoke. The test method shall test all detector circuits.
4. A visual indication of an alarm shall be provided latching Light Emitting Diode (LED), on the detector, which may be seen from ground level over 360 degrees. These LED shall periodically flash to indicate that the detector is in communication with the control panel.
5. All field wire connections shall be made to the base through the use of a clamping plate and screw.

#### D. Intelligent Thermal Detector

1. Thermal detectors shall be intelligent addressable devices rated at 135 degrees Fahrenheit (58 degrees Celsius) and have a rate-of-rise element rated at 15 degrees F (9.4 degrees C) per minute. It shall connect via two wires to the fire alarm control panel signaling line circuit.

#### E. Intelligent Duct Smoke Detector

1. The smoke detector housing shall accommodate an intelligent photoelectric detector, of that provides continuous analog monitoring and alarm verification from the panel.
2. When sufficient smoke is sensed, an alarm signal is initiated at the FACP, and appropriate action taken to change over air handling systems to help prevent the rapid distribution of toxic smoke and fire gases throughout the areas served by the duct system.

#### F. Addressable Dry Contact Monitor Module

1. Addressable monitor module shall be provided to connect one supervised IDC zone of conventional alarm initiating devices (any normally open dry contact device) to one of the fire alarm control panel SLCs.
2. The IDC zone shall be suitable for Style B (Class) operation. An LED shall be provided that shall flash under normal conditions, indicating that the monitor module is operational and in regular communication with the control panel.

## G. Addressable Control Relay Module

1. Addressable control relay modules shall be provided to control the operation of fan shutdown and other auxiliary control functions.
2. The control module shall mount in a standard 4-inch square, 2-1/8 inch deep electrical box, or to a surface mounted backbox.
3. The control relay module will provide a dry contact, Form-C relay. The relay coil shall be magnetically latched to reduce wiring connection requirements, and to insure that 100% of all auxiliary relays may be energized at the same time on the same pair of wires.
4. The control relay module shall be suitable for pilot duty applications and rated for a minimum of 0.6 amps at 30 VDC.

## H. Alphanumeric LCD Type Annunciator:

1. The alphanumeric display annunciator shall be a supervised, remotely located back-lit eighty (80) characters LCD display for alarm annunciation in clear English text.
2. The LCD annunciator shall display all alarm and trouble conditions in the system.
3. An audible indication of alarm shall be integral to the alphanumeric display.
4. The display shall be UL listed for fire alarm application.
5. It shall be possible to connect up to 2 LCD displays and be capable of wiring distances up to 6,000 feet from the control panel.
6. The annunciator shall connect to a separate, dedicated "terminal mode" EIA-RS-485 interface using two-wire loop connection and 2 wires for power. Each terminal mode LCD display shall mimic the main control panel.

## I. Field Wiring Terminal Blocks

For ease of connection for heavy solid gauge wire, all panel I/O wiring terminal blocks shall be screw type barrier strips and have sufficient capacity for #22 to #12 AWG wire.

### 1.10. SYSTEM COMPONENTS - ADDRESSABLE DEVICES

#### A. Addressable Devices - General

1. Addressable devices shall employ the simple-to-set decade addressing scheme. Addressable devices which use a binary-coded address setting method, such as a rotary



dials.

2. Detectors shall be addressable and intelligent, and shall connect with two wires to the fire alarm control panel signaling line circuits.
3. The detectors shall be listed by UL as meeting the calibrated sensitivity test requirements of NFPA Standard 72.
4. Detectors shall be ceiling-mount and shall include a separate twist-lock base with tamper proof feature.
5. Detectors shall provide a test means whereby they will simulate an alarm condition and report that condition to the control panel.

#### 1.11. BATTERIES:

- A. Upon loss of Primary (AC) power to the control panel, the batteries shall have sufficient capacity to power the fire alarm system for required standby time (24 or 60 hours) followed by 5 minutes of alarm.
- B. The batteries are to be completely maintenance free. No liquids are required. Fluid level checks for refilling, spills, and leakage shall not be required.

### PART 3.0 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1. INSTALLATION:

- A. Installation shall be in accordance with the NEC, NFPA 72, local and state codes, as shown on the drawings, and as recommended by the major equipment manufacturer.
- B. All conduit, junction boxes, conduit supports and hangers shall be concealed in finished areas and may be exposed in unfinished areas. Smoke detectors shall not be installed prior to the system programming and test period. If construction is ongoing during this period, measures shall be taken to protect smoke detectors from contamination and physical damage.
- C. Manual pull stations shall be suitable for surface mounting or semi-flush mounting as shown on the plans, and shall be installed not less than 42 inches (1067 mm), nor more than 48 inches (122 mm) above the finished floor.

#### 4.2. TEST:

The service of a competent, NICET level II technician shall be provided to supervise and participate during all of the adjustments and tests for the system. All testing shall be in accordance with NFPA 72.

- A. Before energizing the cables and wires, check for correct connections and test for short

- circuits, ground faults, continuity, and insulation.
- B. Close each sprinkler system flow valve and verify proper supervisory alarm at the FACP.
  - C. Verify activation of all waterflow switches.
  - D. Open initiating device circuits and verify that the trouble signal actuates.
  - E. Open and short signaling line circuits and verify that the trouble signal actuates.
  - F. Open and short notification appliance circuits and verify that trouble signal actuates.
  - G. Ground all circuits and verify response of trouble signals.
  - H. Check presence and audibility of tone at all alarm notification devices.
  - I. Check installation, supervision, and operation of all intelligent smoke detectors using the walk test.
  - J. Each of the alarm conditions that the system is required to detect should be introduced on the system. Verify the proper receipt and the proper processing of the signal at the FACP and the correct activation of the control points.
  - K. When the system is equipped with optional features, the manufacturer's manual shall be consulted to determine the proper testing procedures. This is intended to address such items as verifying controls performed by individually addressed or grouped devices, sensitivity monitoring, verification functionality and similar.

### 3.3. FINAL INSPECTION:

- A. At the final inspection, a minimum NICET Level II technician shall demonstrate that the system functions properly in every respect.

### 3.4. INSTRUCTION:

- A. Instruction shall be provided as required for operating the system. Hands-on demonstrations of the operation of all system components and the entire system including program changes and functions shall be provided.
- B. The contractor or installing dealer shall provide a user manual indicating "Sequence of Operation."